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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/976,403	10/11/2001	Barbara MacRae	BO1-0194US 2793	
60483 LEE & HAYES	7590 02/12/2007 S. PLLC.	EXAMINER .		
421 W. RIVERSIDE AVE.			AKINTOLA, OLABODE	
SUITE 500 SPOKANE, WA	A 99201	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
or ordard, w		3691		
			<u> </u>	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/12/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/976,403		MACRAE ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Olabode Ak		3691				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 11 October 2001.						
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
•—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election red	quirement.					
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date								
3) Notice of Informal Patent Application  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application								
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>01/29/2002</u> . 6) Other:								

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Misnumbered claims 36 (twice) have been renumbered claims 36 and 37 respectively.

Claim 36 is objected to because of the following informalities: Second claim 36 should be claim 37. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

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- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1- 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al (USPN 5544842) in view of Fad et al (USPN 5793632) and further in view of McGuire et al (USPN 4404639).

Re claim 1,10, 19 and 28: Smith teaches certification activity based on modification (col. 3, lines 61-67). Smith does not explicitly teach estimating man-hours and costs comprising: entering one or more components; automatically identifying other components based on the entered one or more components; identifying scope of work needed for each of the identified components; determining if the entered and identified components and the associated scopes of work apply to the modification; and generating an estimate of man-hours and costs needed to complete all of the determined scopes of work.

Fad teaches a method for estimating man-hours and costs comprising: entering one or more components (col. 1, lines 17-18, col. 3, lines 14-22 and Figures); identifying scope of work needed for each of the identified components (Abstract); determining if the entered and identified components and the associated scopes of work apply to the modification (col. 3, lines 14-22 and Figures); and generating an estimate of man-hours and costs needed to complete all of the determined scopes of work (col. 3, lines 14-22).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Smith to include these steps. One would have been motivated to do this in order to determine the total cost of modifying the system to get it certified by a regulatory agency.

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McGuire teaches automatically identifying other components based on the entered one or more components (col. 11, lines 61-65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Smith to include this step in order to list other components requiring certification associated with the entered component that would be affected by the modification.

Re claims 2, 11, 20 and 29: Smith teaches wherein scope of work comprises one or more methods of compliance to be performed in order to satisfy one or more government regulations associated with the component (col. 3, lines 6-17).

Re claims 3, 12, 21 and 30: Smith teaches wherein the one or more methods comprises at least one of testing, demonstrating, simulating, analyzing, or inspecting (col. 3, lines 6-17).

Re claims 4, 13, 22 and 31: Smith teaches wherein the government regulations are one of federal aviation regulation or joint aviation requirement (col. 3, lines 6-17).

Re claims 5, 14, 23 and 32: Smith teaches wherein determining comprises supplying queries to a user, wherein the queries relate to applicability of an associated component (col. 4, lines 41-61).

Re claims 6, 15, 24 and 33: Smith teaches wherein the queries are at least one of a physical, spatial, functional, or safety query (col. 4, lines 41-61).

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Re claims 7, 16, 25 and 34: Smith teaches wherein the system is an aircraft, wherein entering

comprises entering aircraft model type affected by the modification, and wherein identifying is

further based on the entered aircraft model type (col. 5, lines 30-47)

Re claims 8, 9, 17, 18, 26, 27 and 35-37: Smith does not explicitly teach identifying any

certification deliverables based on the determined applicable components and associated scopes

of work; and identifying government forms associated with the identified deliverables. Official

notice is hereby taken that it is old and well known in the art to identify certification deliverables

and identifying government forms associated to the deliverables. It would have been obvious to

one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Smith to include these steps.

One would have been motivated to do so in order to obtain the certification on the modified

system.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Sandifer (USPN 6292806) teaches a computer aided maintenance and repair information

system for equipment subject to regulatory compliance.

Foley (USPN 5249120) teaches an automated manufacturing costing system and method.

Natarajan (USPN 4887206) teaches an automated system for estimating impact on

inventory cost due to an engineering change to a component.

Pan et al (USPN 5960417) teaches IC manufacturing costing control system and process.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Olabode Akintola whose telephone number is 571-272-3629. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM -5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alexander Kalinowski can be reached on 571-272-6771. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

OA

HANI M. KAZIMI PRIMARY EXAMINED